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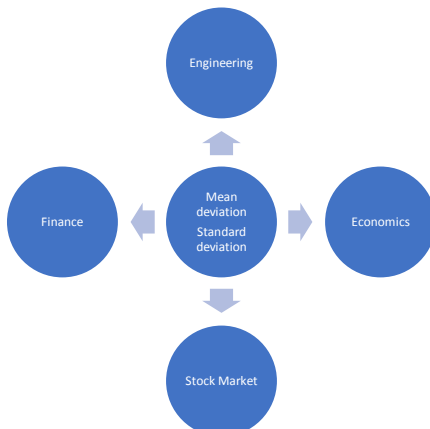
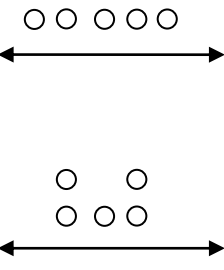


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**Template: Study Material**

<p>&lt;Basic Mathematics&gt;: &lt;22103&gt;: &lt;BMS&gt;: &lt;Statistics&gt;: &lt;UO_ 5.2&gt;: &lt;Study Material&gt;</p>		
<p>&lt;Mrs.M.R.Abhang&gt;</p>	<p>&lt;8/7/2020&gt;</p>	<p>&lt;Mr.A.D.Wandhekar&gt;</p>
<p>Key words <b>Mean deviation, Standard deviation</b></p>	<p>Learning Objective: <b>Calculate mean and standard deviation of discrete and grouped data related to the given simple engineering problem.</b></p>	<p>Diagram/ Picture The more spread out a data distribution is, the greater its S.D.</p>
<p>Key Questions <b>What is mean? What is deviation?</b></p>	<p>Concept Map</p>  <pre> graph TD     A((Engineering)) &lt;--&gt; B((Mean deviation Standard deviation))     C((Finance)) &lt;--&gt; B     D((Economics)) &lt;--&gt; B     E((Stock Market)) &lt;--&gt; B     </pre>	 <p>In first case S.D. is greater.</p>

Explanation of Concept

**Mean Deviation**

**Mean Deviation for raw data**

i) Mean deviation about mean =  $\frac{\sum |x_i - \bar{x}|}{N} = \frac{\sum |d_i|}{N}$

where  $\bar{x}$  = mean of N observations.

1) Calculate the mean deviation about the mean of the following data.

3, 6, 5, 7, 10, 12, 15, 18

**Solution :**

Given data is raw data

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Mean} = \bar{x} &= \frac{\sum x_i}{N} = \frac{3 + 6 + 5 + 7 + 10 + 12 + 15 + 18}{8} \\ &= \frac{76}{8} = 9.5 \end{aligned}$$

$x_i$	$ d_i  =  x_i - \bar{x} $
3	6.5
6	3.5
5	4.5
7	2.5
10	0.5
12	2.5
15	5.5
18	8.5
	$\sum  d_i  = 34$

$$\text{M.D.} = \frac{\sum |d_i|}{N} = \frac{34}{8}$$

$$\text{M.D.} = 4.25$$

**Mean Deviation for Discrete (ungrouped) Frequency Distribution**

$$\text{M.D. about mean} = \frac{\sum f_i |x_i - \bar{x}|}{\sum f_i} = \frac{\sum f_i |d_i|}{N}$$

where  $N = \sum f_i$  and  $|d_i| = |x_i - \bar{x}|$

1) Calculate the Mean deviation from Mean of the following data.

$x_i$	10	11	12	13	14
$f_i$	3	12	18	12	3

**Solution: Mean deviation about mean :**

$x_i$	$f_i$	$f_i x_i$	$ d_i  =  x_i - \bar{x} $	$f_i  d_i $
10	3	30	2	6
11	12	132	1	12
12	18	216	0	0
13	12	156	1	12
14	03	42	2	06
	$N = \sum f_i = 48$	$\sum f_i x_i = 576$		$\sum f_i  d_i  = 36$

$$\text{Mean} = \bar{x} = \frac{\sum f_i x_i}{N} = \frac{576}{48} = 12$$

Key Definitions/  
Formulas

**For Raw data:**

$$\text{M.D.} = \frac{\sum |d_i|}{N}$$

$$\text{S.D.} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum d_i^2}{N}}$$

**For ungrouped or grouped data:**

$$\text{M.D.} = \frac{\sum f_i |d_i|}{N}$$

$$\text{S.D.} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum f_i d_i^2}{N}}$$

$$\text{M.D.} = \frac{\sum f_i |d_i|}{N} = \frac{36}{48} = 0.75$$

**Mean deviation for grouped data :**

$$\text{M.D.} = \frac{\sum f_i |x_i - \bar{x}|}{\sum f_i} = \frac{\sum f_i |d_i|}{N}$$

where  $x_i$  = Mid - value or centre value

$$\bar{x} = \text{Mean}$$

$$N = \sum f_i$$

**Solved Examples:**

- 1) Find the mean deviation from mean of the following distribution.

Marks	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50
No. of students	5	8	15	16	6

**Solution**

C.I.	$f_i$	$x_i$	$f_i x_i$	$ d_i  =  x_i - \bar{x} $	$f_i  d_i $
0-10	5	5	25	22	110
10-20	8	15	120	12	96
20-30	15	25	375	2	30
30-40	16	35	560	8	128
40-50	6	45	270	18	108
	$N = \sum f_i = 50$		$\sum f_i x_i = 1350$		$\sum f_i  d_i  = 472$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Mean} = \bar{x} &= \frac{\sum f_i x_i}{\sum f_i} \\ &= \frac{1350}{50} = 27 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Mean Deviation about mean} &= \frac{\sum f_i |d_i|}{N} \\ &= \frac{472}{50} \\ &= 9.44 \end{aligned}$$

**Standard Deviation (S.D.)**

**S.D. for raw data :**

$$\text{S.D.} = \sigma = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2}{N}} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum d_i^2}{N}}$$

$$\bar{x} = \text{Mean}$$

$$d_i = |x_i - \bar{x}|$$

$N$  = Total number of observations

- 1) Calculate S.D. of the following data :

25, 50, 30, 70, 42, 36, 48, 34, 60

**Solution :** Given data is raw data

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum x_i}{N} = \frac{25+50+30+70+42+36+48+34+60}{9} = \frac{395}{9}$$

$$\bar{x} = 43.888$$

$x_i$	$d_i = x_i - \bar{x}$	$d_i^2$
25	-18.88	356.45
50	6.12	37.45
30	-13.88	192.65
70	26.12	682.25
42	-1.88	3.53
36	-7.88	62.09
48	4.12	16.97
34	-9.88	97.614
60	16.12	259.85
		$\Sigma d_i^2 = 1708.85$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Standard Deviation} &= \sqrt{\frac{d_i^2}{N}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{1708.85}{9}} \\ &= \sqrt{189.872} \\ \text{S.D.} &= 0.538 \end{aligned}$$

**Standard deviation for ungrouped data :**

$$\text{S.D.} = \sigma = \sqrt{\frac{\Sigma f_i d_i^2}{N}}$$

where

$$N = \Sigma f_i$$

$$\bar{x} = \text{Mean} = \frac{\Sigma f_i x_i}{N}$$

$$d_i = x_i - \bar{x}$$

**Solved Examples:**

1) Find the standard deviation of the following frequency distribution.

$x_i$	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
$f_i$	3	6	9	13	8	5	4

**Solution :**

$x_i$	$f_i$	$f_i x_i$	$d_i = x_i - \bar{x}$	$d_i^2$	$f_i d_i^2$
6	3	18	-3	9	27
7	6	42	-2	4	24
8	9	72	-1	1	9
9	13	117	0	0	0
10	8	80	1	1	8
11	5	55	2	4	20
12	4	48	3	9	36
	$N = \Sigma f_i = 48$	$\Sigma f_i x_i = 432$			$\Sigma f_i d_i^2 = 124$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Mean} &= \bar{x} = \frac{\Sigma f_i x_i}{N} \\ &= \frac{432}{48} = 9 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{S.D.} &= \sqrt{\frac{\Sigma f_i d_i^2}{N}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{124}{48}} \\ &= \sqrt{2.583} \end{aligned}$$

Solved word Problem

Calculate M.D.  
1, 2, 3, 4, 5

Sol.  
 $\bar{x} = \frac{1+2+3+4+5}{5}$   
=3

$x_i$	$ d_i $
1	2
2	1
3	0
4	1
5	2
	$\sum  d_i  = 6$

M.D. =  $\frac{\sum |d_i|}{N}$   
=  $\frac{6}{5}$   
= 1.2

=1.607

S.D. for grouped data

S.D. =  $\sigma = \sqrt{\frac{\sum f_i d_i^2}{N}}$   
where,  $N = \sum f_i$   
 $d_i = |x_i - \bar{x}|$   
 $\bar{x} = \text{Mean} = \frac{\sum f_i x_i}{N}$   
 $x_i = \text{Mid - Value}$

Solved Example:

Calculate Mean and Standard deviation for the following data.

Class	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79
Frequency	10	15	30	20	15	10

Solution : Here class interval are not continuous making them continuous as :

Class	Cont. Class	$f_i$	$x_i$	$f_i x_i$	$d_i =  x_i - \bar{x} $	$d_i^2$	$f_i d_i^2$
20-29	19.5-29.5	10	24.5	245	24.5	600.25	6002.5
30-39	29.5-39.5	15	34.5	517.5	14.5	210.25	3153.75
40-49	39.5-49.5	30	44.5	1335	4.5	20.25	607.5
50-59	49.5-59.5	20	54.5	1090	5.5	30.25	605
60-69	59.5-69.5	15	64.5	967.5	15.5	240.25	3603.75
70-79	69.5-79.5	10	74.5	745	25.5	650.25	6502.5
		$N = \sum f_i = 100$		$\sum f_i x_i = 4900$			$\sum f_i d_i^2 = 20475$

Mean =  $\bar{x} = \frac{\sum f_i x_i}{N}$   
=  $\frac{4900}{100}$   
= 49

Standard Deviation =  $\sigma$

=  $\sqrt{\frac{\sum f_i d_i^2}{N}}$   
=  $\sqrt{\frac{20475}{100}}$   
= 14.309

	<p>Application of Concept/ Examples in real life</p> <p>Standard deviation is a widely used measure of variability. S.D. measures the spread of a data distribution. It is used in various fields such as economics, finance, engineering etc.</p>	<p>Link to YouTube/ OER/ video <a href="https://www.khanacademy.org">khanacademy.org</a></p>
<p>Key Take away from this UO : Mean deviation Standard deviation</p>		